## Business Applications

x - number of units
p - price per unit
P - profit
R - revenue
C - cost
FC - fixed cost
VC - variable cost
$\bar{C}$ - average cost
$\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{x}^{*} \mathrm{p}$
$\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{FC}+\mathrm{VC}$
$\bar{C}=\frac{C}{X}$
Marginals are derivatives of variables with respect to $x$

