EXERCICIS DE PASSAT SIMPLE I PASSAT CONTINU,

Preparat per: Maria Tarragó

PRESENT PERFECT I PAST PERFECT

pàg. 5 PAST CONTINUOUS

pàg. 6 a 7 PAST SIMPLE AND CONTINUOUS

EXERCISES ON THE SIMPLE PAST.

Name			G	Group:	
A. Write the j	past simple of t	the following ve	rbs		
open - opened	l				
love	plan	empty	Fry	smoke-	
play regret		try	die	cry -	
B. Fill in the l	blanks with the	e present simple	e or the past si	mple of the verb	ГО ВЕ.
Today I	am at home.	It	Saturday m	orning and it	very
cold. It's only	a month since i	my family and I		on holiday in Port	ugal. The weather
	fantastic; it _		really hot and s	unny. We	all happy
then. I	mis	sing the sun and	the sea. Well,	it	_ nice to be back
home with all i	my friends				

EXERCISES ON THE PAST.

Name	Group:
Name	Group

	A) SIMPLE PAST
A. Fill in the blank	s with the past simple of the verb in brackets.
1. He helped (helped	• •
2. They	(decide) to go on a trip.
3. She	(visit) her grandmother.
4. His parents	(permit) him to go on a trip.
	(enjoy) the film.
6. Mr. Rogers	(reply) to the letter.
	(close) the door.
	(plant) flowers in the garden.
9. The dog	(beg) for food.
	(taste) the cake.
B. Fill in the blank	s with the past simple of the verb in brackets.
1. We <u>saw</u> (se	e) them in the park yesterday.
2. They	(write) two letters last week.
3. Rina	(give) him a watch for his birthday.
4. They	(have) chicken for dinner.
5. The children	(go) to a film.
6. Harry	(buy) a new radio.
7. He	(come) to my house last night.
8. His uncle	(pay) for the toy.
	(sing) a new song on television.
10. Mr. Hyde	(teach) English last year.
	(bite) the boy.
12. They	(ride) their bicycles to school yesterday.

C. Rewrite the following sentences in the simple past. Change the time expressions in the sentence for those given in brackets.

sentence for those given in brackets.	
1. He often practises the piano. (last week)	
He practised the piano last week	
2. The twins seldom visit their cousins in Rome. (a year ago)	
3. We play football in the park on Sundays. (often)	
4. They visit the museum once a month. (last week)	
5. He washes his car every day. (once a month)	
6. The doctor checks the patient every week. (the day before yesterday)	
7. They worry about money all the time. (never)	
He rarely goes to the cinema. (many months ago)	8.
D. Write sentences in the simple past using the words given.	
1. Tammy / buy / yesterday / some / clothes	
Tammy bought some clothes yesterday	
2. Roger / pizza / for lunch / eat / last Wednesday.	
3. We / last summer / in the lake / swim	
4. Eric / run / yesterday / all the way to school.	
5. The trees / last winter / fall / in the storm.	
6. The visitors / coffee / have / last night.	
7. She / give / yesterday / the baby / a bottle.	
The children / last year / on a camel / ride.	8
	9
Donna / the book / lay / last week / on the table.	
10. Sally / about a party / last night / dream.	

11. Fred / basketball / yesterday / play.	
12. The children / last week / the window / break / at school.	
E. Rewrite the following sentences in the negative form using the words in brackets	5.
1. Betty bought some eggs. (any meat)	
Betty didn't buy any meat	
2. Al called his sister. (his brother)	
3. Fred and Wilma wanted a new house. (a new car)	
4. She put salt in the food. (in the sauce)	
5. Our family watched the news. (the film)	
6. I saw the forest. (the river)	
7. The stranger wore a coat. (a hat)	8.
The children went to the beach. (to the zoo)	9.
Jean ate some oranges. (any apples)	7.
10. She broke the plate. (the cup)	
F. Use the appropiate wh-question to ask about the underlined words.	
1. Where did John go on Sunday?	
John went to the stadium on Sunday.	
2	
She received many presents on her birthday.	
3	
Larry won <u>first prize</u> in the tennis tournament. 4	
Joey wrote the best story	
5	
The tour group travelled <u>across Europe</u> . 6	
Sammy ate eggs, toast and cereal this morning.	
7.	

The little girl saw the car.	
8. Jill heard a loud scream <u>last</u>	night
	Ingne.
He gave her a watch for her	
The students wrote a story i	
	B) PAST CONTINUOUS
A. Rewrite the following ser	ntences in the negative form using the words in brackets.
1. He was wearing a hat. (boo	ots)
He wasn't wearing boots	
2. She was preparing breakfas	st. (cook dinner)
3. The children were watching	g TV. (do homework)
4. Bob was playing football. (practise the piano)
5. Mrs Evans was teaching us	arithmetic. (give a test)
B. You went to a party at you doing?. These words will he	ur friend Pedro's house. You arrived early. What were the family lp you
When I arrived:	
1. Peter's mother <u>was cook</u>	ing dinner
2. Peter's sister	
3. Peter's baby brother	
4. Peter's father	
5. Peter's	
6. Peter's grandfather	
while his grandmother	
C)	PAST SIMPLE AND CONTINUOUS
A. Fill in the blanks with the	e past continuous or the simple past of the verb in brackets
1. She was feeding the baby v	vhile I (read) a book.
	g for the exam while they (wait) for the teacher.
	(come) into the room, the baby wasn't crying.

4. Mary and Mike were	e swimming when it	(start) to ra	nin.	
5. While the children _	(watch) tele	vision, Christina w	as making dinner.	
6. I was taking a show	er when the phone	(ring).		
7. He	(wait) for the bus when his	father arrived in h	is car.	
8. George was leaving	the library when he	(see) his	friend.	
-	ons using the information the past continuous at lea			in the
1. What / you / do / wh	nen / the phone / ring			
What were you doin	ng when the phone rang?			
2. What / the children /	watch / on television / when	n / you / come / hor	ne	
3. What / you / cook /	when / I / call / you			
4. Where / she / sit / w	hen / you / see / her			
5. What / programme /	you / watch / between / 9 ar	nd 10 o'clock		
6. Who / he / dance / w	vith / at the party			
7. What / you / do / wh	nen / you / hear / the news			
Who / you / talk to / w	hen / the teacher / come in			8.
	on the radio / as / I / walk in	L		9.
10. What / the children	/ argue about / before / they	/ go to bed / last r	night	
	PAST SIMPLE AND			
	vith the past simple or past			
	(read), some			door.
	_ (see) a good film while we			
	(play) in the gard			rain.
each other.	(enter) the 1	oom, everyone	(taik)	to
	(talk) when the t	reacher	(come) in	
	(you / do) when the fire			

7. The dog	_(bark) when	it	((hear) a s	strange	noise	÷.	
8. While Mary	(practise)) the violin, l	her broth	ier			(try)	to do
his homework.								
9. The children	(have) si	uch fun that	they		(1	not w	ant) t	o get
out of the swimming-pool.								
10. I	(use) my	computer	at the	same	time	as	my	brother
(do) his ho	omework.							